



**Input\_cob\_ocrd.txt** - overland flow and river channel file.

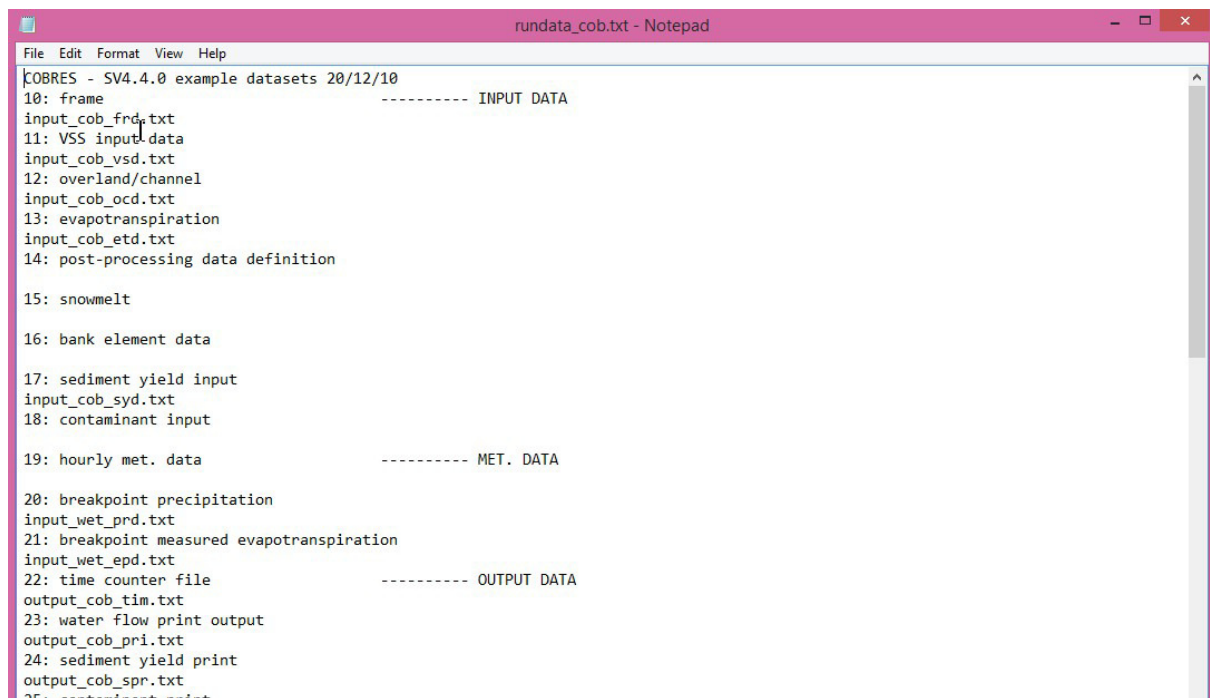
**Input\_cob\_vsd.txt** - variably saturated subsurface file. Everything below ground

**Input\_cob\_prd.txt** - precipitation data file. Time series of precipitation data

**Input\_cob\_epd.txt** - evapotranspiration data file. Time series of potential evapotranspiration

**Input\_cob\_visulisation\_plan.txt** - specifies what will be produced in the HDF5 (H5) output file.

**Input\_cob\_synd.txt (optional)**- sediment yield file



```
File Edit Format View Help
COBRES - SV4.4.0 example datasets 20/12/10
10: frame ----- INPUT DATA
input_cob_frd.txt
11: VSS input data
input_cob_vsd.txt
12: overland/channel
input_cob_ocrd.txt
13: evapotranspiration
input_cob_etd.txt
14: post-processing data definition

15: snowmelt

16: bank element data

17: sediment yield input
input_cob_synd.txt
18: contaminant input

19: hourly met. data ----- MET. DATA

20: breakpoint precipitation
input_wet_prd.txt
21: breakpoint measured evapotranspiration
input_wet_epd.txt
22: time counter file ----- OUTPUT DATA
output_cob_tim.txt
23: water flow print output
output_cob_pri.txt
24: sediment yield print
output_cob_spr.txt
25: contaminant print
```

### 3. Open "Input\_cob\_frd.txt"

All the Shetran input file are text files. They are not intuitive and to work out what is going on you need to read the files with the manual

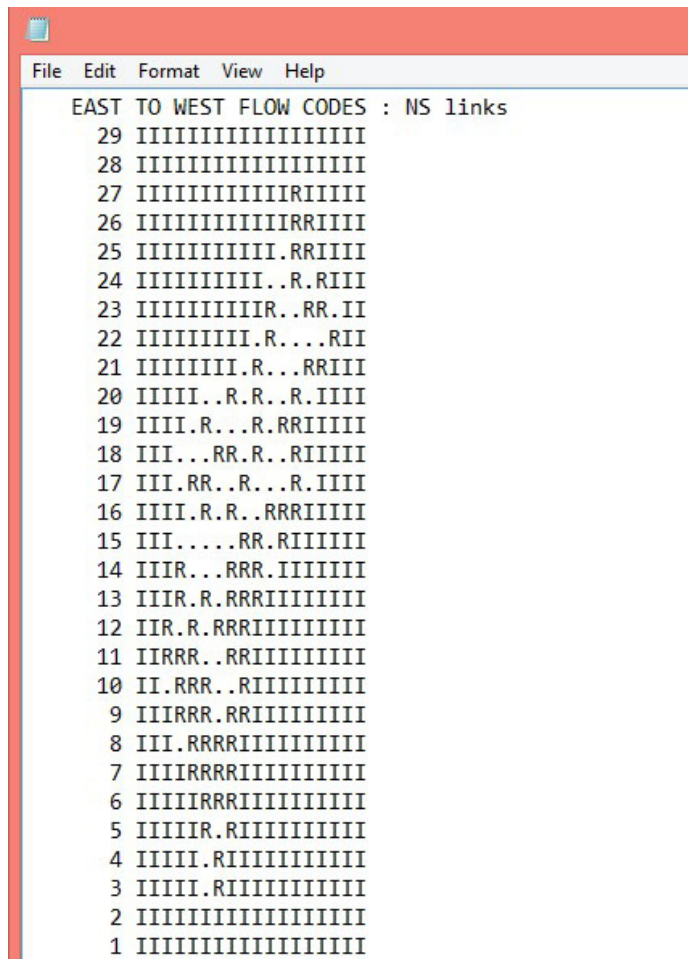
(<http://research.ncl.ac.uk/shetran/SHETTRAN%20V4%20User%20Guide.pdf>)

Another thing to note is that sometimes the formatting matters (the user guide contains this information). So an extra space can make all the difference (tabs also should be avoided). For example for the Cobres the grid sizes are 2000m and Shetran is reading this assuming each column has seven spaces (F7.0 in the user guide).

So

2000.002000.0020000.002000.002000.00... Is correct

The river channels are the worst to set up manually. These flow around the edge of the grid squares. These can be seen below for the channel flowing in a north south direction. “I” means it is outside the catchment, “.” Means there is no channel and “R” means there is a channel. There is a similar grid for the channels flowing east west.



A screenshot of a text editor window with a red title bar and a menu bar containing 'File', 'Edit', 'Format', 'View', and 'Help'. The text inside the window is as follows:

```
EAST TO WEST FLOW CODES : NS links
29 I
28 I
27 I
26 I
25 I
24 I
23 I
22 I
21 I
20 I
19 I
18 I
17 I
16 I
15 I
14 I
13 I
12 I
11 I
10 I
9 I
8 I
7 I
6 I
5 I
4 I
3 I
2 I
1 I
```

#### 4. Run the simulation

Go to “standard version\program”

Double click on “sv4.4.5x64.exe”

Select the rundata file for the example catchment. Go to “examples” and “cobres” and select “rundata\_cob.txt”

The simulation will start and as its progress can be seen. When completed successfully the window will disappear. Normally if there are any messages these are shown on the Window and the simulation pauses. Press “Enter” to go through the messages, these will also be seen in the “output\_cob\_pri.txt” file.

If the simulation crashes and the window also disappears then open a “command Prompt” window. Go to “File Explorer” and drag the “sv4.4.5x64.exe” into the command prompt window. Select the rundata file and when the simulation is finished the window will not disappear.

```
C:\Users\sjbir_000\Documents\sv4.4.5x64-release\standard version\program\sv...
SHETRAN Version 4.4.5 for PC - incorporating SHEGRAPH Version 2
*****
Length of Simulation =      1464.00 hours.
Simulation Timestep =      96.32 hours    % Completed =      6.58
```