COSHH Risk Assessment

Newcastle University OHSS: H&S Form 401.1a

This form should be completed electronically and signed by the Principal Investigator or responsible person. Guidance on completing this form is provided in the <u>COSHH Risk Assessment section of the OHSS website</u>.

Section 1: Project Details

1.1.	Title of project or activity	High Throughput Scre	ening Fac	ility robotic work			
1.2.	Principal	Peter Banks	Peter Banks				
	investigator/responsible						
	person						
1.3.	School/Institute/Service	High Throughput Scre	High Throughput Screening Facility				
1.4.	Location of work	M2026, M2090 and N	12.100a				
	building and room numbers						
1.5.	Brief description of work activity	Removing agar from a	ind washi	ng and sterilising Greer	iLab Plates		
1.6.	Date of assessment	28/10/2015	1.7.	Revision date*	28/10/2017		

Section 2: Emergency Quick Reference

The purpose of this section is to provide easy access to emergency information. A full assessment of risk will be provided in the next sections and completing this section last is advisable.

2.1. Emergency contacts	Name:	Peter Banks	Adrian Blackburn
One of these should be the PI/responsible person	Position:	ESO	Senior Technician
Security can be contacted on extension 6666	Telephone number:	07541238957	01912084963

2.2. Hazard	2.2. Hazard pictograms – select all that apply to the work activity.								
							\diamond	×	
Health hazard	Τοχίς	Corrosive	Harmful/ Irritant	Flammable	Oxidising	Explosive	Compressed gas	Danger for the environment	
		Х	х					х	

2.3. Name of	2.4. Properties	2.5. Emergency procedures						
hazard	of hazard	Include, as appropriate, procedures for:						
	Briefly describe	Contained Spill						
	how the chemical is	Small uncontained spill,						
	hazardous e.g.	Large uncontained spill						
	toxic, flammable,	First aid						
	carcinogen	• Fire						
Virkon powder	Irritable to skin; Serious eye damage; Harmful to aquatic life; respiratory Irritation	 The powder should be measured out and rehydrated in 1L of water in a fume cupboard to avoid dust inhalation. The container must be sealed and transported to the location that it is required to be fully diluted in an appropriate container. Worse case spill of powder in the fume hood would be 50g. Mop up with dampened tissues and place in an autoclave bin. Wash area with water. The powder can be measure out outside of a fume hood if the user wears a face mask and safety glasses. In case of eye contact the affected area should be washed in water for 15 minutes before consulting a doctor If swallowed see medical advice immediately 						

2.3. Name of	2.4. Properties	2.5. Emergency procedures
hazard	of hazard Briefly describe how the chemical is hazardous e.g. toxic, flammable, carcinogen	 Include, as appropriate, procedures for: Contained Spill Small uncontained spill, Large uncontained spill First aid Fire If Ethanol comes into contact with hands wash hands immediately with soap and plenty of water
Virkon solution (1%)	Irritable to skin; Serious eye damage; Harmful to aquatic life; respiratory Irritation	 Worse case spill of solution would be 20 litres. Absorb with a spill blanket from the Hazardous spill response kit. Place in an autoclave bag. Wash area with water. Small spills (200ml or less) should be mopped up with tissues and placed in an autoclave bag. Wash affected area with water. In case of eye contact the affected area should be washed in water for 15 minutes before consulting a doctor If swallowed see medical advice immediately If Ethanol comes into contact with hands wash hands immediately with soap and plenty of water

Additional rows can be added to this table as required

Section 3: The Risk Assessment

Additional rows can be added to this table as required

3.1. Name of hazard including substances and by-products produced during or as a result of the activity.	3.2. Properties of hazard Provide details of how the substance could cause harm. Useful sources of information are the safety data sheet for the substance, <u>Hazard</u> (<u>H) statements</u> (give the whole phrase not just the code), and the <u>workplace exposure limit.</u>	3.3. Physical form e.g. powder, dust, granular, pellet, liquid, solution, gas.	3.4. Quantity and concentration (give units)	3.5. Frequency of use e.g. daily, weekly, monthly, one-off.	3.6. Route of exposure e.g. ingestion, inhalation, skin/eye contact, skin absorption, injection/sharps injury.
Virkon Powder	Irritable to skin; Serious eye damage; Harmful to aquatic life; respiratory Irritation	Powder	200g	weekly	Medium
Virkon Solution (1%)	Irritable to skin; Serious eye damage; Harmful to aquatic life; respiratory Irritation	Liquid	20 Litres	weekly	Medium
•	IS All carcinogens and users of carcinogens should c.uk/ohss/chemical/carcinogens.htm	be notified to OHSS	s using the following I	ink	I

3.8. Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres (DSEAR)	Yes	No
Are you carrying out an activity/chemical reaction that is at risk of thermal runaway or		х
explosion?		
Will the activity involve handling or storage of pyrophoric or unstable substances such as		х
peroxide?		
Will flammable vapours, solid particles, fibrous particles etc. capable of forming an		х
explosive atmosphere be present in the working atmosphere?		
If the answer to any of the above questions is yes, you will need to complete a short 'add-on' DSEAR risk assessment		

3.9. Who might be at risk? (tick all that apply)	Staff	Postgraduates	Undergraduates	New or expectant mothers (Contact Occupational Health)	Contractors	Public including visitors and children
	х	Х	Х			

3.10. Assessment of inherent risk to human	High	Medium	Medium/low	Low
health prior to the use of controls (please use the		Х		
risk assessment matrix at the end of this form)				

Section 4: Controls

Specify for each hazard identified in sect	ion 3. <u>Precautionary (P) statements</u> are a useful source of information.
4.1. Physical or Engineering Controls. LEV, fume hood, glove box, total containment etc. Specify at which point in the work activity they are to be used.	A fume hood is advisable but not essential.
4.2. Administrative controls Training requirements, access control, signage.	New Staff and Students should be trained how to make up the Virkon Solution and its correct disposal
4.3 Personal Protective Equipment. Respirators, safety specs, face mask, lab coat, gloves etc. Specify which type and when they are to be worn.	Rubber Gloves, a lab coat, a face mask and safety glasses should be used for measureing out the Vikon powder. Rubber gloves, a lab coat and safety glasses should be worn when handling Virkon solution.
4.4. Storage requirements Include a description of how hazardous substances including flammable materials will be stored. Describe how incompatible materials will be segregated.	Virkon Powder is stored in a sealed plastic container under the sink. Virkon solution is kept in a large plastic receptacle next to the sink in room.
4.5. Transport of the hazardous substance Describe how you will transport substances between laboratories or different university sites.	Virkon powder should be carried in sealed plastic container. Liquid Virkon should be transported in a sealed Duran bottle.
4.6. Disposal procedures Carefully consider the safest means of disposal and identify when waste should be disposed of by a chemical waste contractor	Tissues, masks and gloves are sent for autoclaving. Waste Virkon solution can be washed down sink with copious quantities of water.

	Yes	No	Describe the findings of exposure monitoring or health surveillance
4.7. Is exposure monitoring required? For example if you suspect that exposure to a chemical exceeds the workplace exposure limit. Contact OHSS for further advice		x	
4.8. Is health surveillance required? See Occupational Health surveillance policy and programme. Contact Occupational Health for further advice		х	

4.9. Assessment of residual risk to human health after the	High	Medium	Medium/low	Low
application of controls (please use the risk assessment matrix at				
the end of this form)				

Section 5: Approval

I confirm that this is a suitable and sufficient risk assessment for the above described work activity	Name	Signature	Date
Assessor This is the person who has completed this form			
Principal Investigator/responsible person			

Risk estimation matrix Use this to complete sections 2.10 and 3.10

Severity of Harm	Likelihood of harm			
	High	Medium	Low	
Severe	High	High	Medium	
Moderate	High	Medium	Medium/low	
Minor	Medium/low	Low	Low	

Please keep a record of this risk assessment

*Review of assessment

This assessment should be reviewed every 2 years and immediately if there is reason to believe that it is no longer valid (e.g. after an accident/incident), if there is a significant change in the work activity to which it relates or if the results of monitoring or health surveillance indicate it to be necessary.